

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2023

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Biology (4BI1) Paper 1B

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1 (a)(i)	An answer that makes reference to two of the following:	2
	 (require) nutrition / food / eq (1) respire /eq (1) excrete (waste) /eq (1) 	
	 respond to surroundings / sensitivity / eq (1) move /eq (1) 	
	 control their internal conditions / homeostasis /eq (1) reproduce /eq (1) grow / develop /eq (1) 	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(a)(ii)	The only correct answer is D Pneumococcus	1
	A is not the answer as <i>Chlorella</i> does not cause bacterial disease in humans	
	B is not the answer as Lactobacillus bulgaricus does not cause bacterial disease in humans	
	C is not the answer as <i>Mucor</i> does not cause bacterial disease in humans	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1 (b) (i)	Tobacco mosaic virus/ TMV (1)	Allow other correctly named plant virus and effect	2
	 discoloured leaves / yellow spots / white leaves / white spots / no chlorophyll/ no chloroplasts / less chlorophyll / no photosynthesis / less photosynthesis /eq (1) 	not just less growth effect without correct virus scores zero	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1 (b) (ii)	An answer that makes reference to three of the following: Virus • smaller / eq (1) • protein coat (1) • no cell wall (1) • no cell membrane / eq (1) • no cytoplasm / organelles / ribosomes / no vacuole / eq (1) • no plasmids (1) • no flagella (1)	Mark first 3 answers allow converse ignore nucleus mitochondria Golgi ignore chloroplasts loop or circles of DNA	3

Total 8 marks

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(i)	plants → worms (that eat roots) → small arthropods large arthropods birds (dead) plants → fungi → small arthropods → large arthropods → birds	1 mark for 5 including birds correct order and 1 for arrow direction correct food chains with 5 and birds but lines or	2
	(dead) plants → bacteria → small arthropods → large arthropods → birds	incorrect arrow scores 1 No credit for pyramid	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(ii)	A description that makes reference to three of the following		3
	 digest / decompose / decays / break down / eq (1) 	ignore rot digestive enzymes	
	 enzymes (1) saprophytic / saprotrophic / dead / eq (1) respiration / produce ATP / (1) 	= mp 1 and mp 2	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(b)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following • fewer birds / eq (1)	3
	 as fewer (large arthropods) to eat / less food / eq (1) more worms / eq (1) 	
	 as fewer eaten (by small arthropods) / fewer predators of worms /eq (1) 	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(c)	An answer that makes reference to five of the following 1. more mites collected (in all types/ each type of trap)/eq (1)	no credit for quoting figs without comparator	Ŋ
	2. fewest arthropods collected (in all types/ each type of trap) / eq (1)		
	3. as more mites (in soil) / eq (1)	allow cul de sac most	
	4. most mites collected by cul de sac traps / eq (1)	effective / best at collecting mites	
	5. little difference in mite number between cul de sac and basket / eq (1)	pitfall least effective at mites	
	6. fewest mites collected by pitfall traps /eq (1)	basket most effective with springtails	
	7. most springtails collected by basket / eq (1)	pitfall least effective at springtails	
	8. little difference in springtail numbers between cul de sac and basket / eq (1)		
	9. fewer springtails collected by pitfall / eq (1)	C most effective overall / P least effective	
	10.number of arthropods almost equal in all three traps / most arthropods collected in cul de sac/ eq (1)		
	11. Cul de sac collects most animals (in total) / Pitfall collects least (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(i)	The only correct answer is	1
	D T is the vacuole	
	A is not the answer as P is not the vacuole	
	B is not the answer as R is not the vacuole	
	C is not the answer as S is not the vacuole	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(ii)	The only correct answer is	1
	A P is the site of photosynthesis	
	B is not the answer as Q is not the site of photosynthesis	
	C is not the answer as R is not the site of photosynthesis	
	D is not the answer as T is not the site of photosynthesis	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(iii)	The only correct answer is	1
	C S is the cell wall	
	A is not the answer as P is not the cell wall	
	B is not the answer as Q is not the cell wall	
	D is not the answer as T is not the cell wall	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(iv)	The only correct answer is	1
	C U is the ribosome is the site of protein synthesis	
	A chloroplast is not the site of protein synthesis	
	B mitochondrion not the site of protein synthesis	
	D starch granule is not the site of protein synthesis	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)	Volume = 0.053 × 0.053 × 0.053 = 0.000 148 877 or 0.00015 SA = 6 × 0.053 × 0.053 =	allow full marks for correct answer no working allow 1 mark for SA 0.016854 or 0.017 or other dec places in	3
	0.016 854 or 0.017	std form such as 1.7×10^{-2}	
	SA to volume = 0.016 854/ 0.000 148 877	allow 1 mark for Vol 0.000 148 877 or 0.00015 or other dec	
	113.21 or 113.2 or 113.33 or 113.3 (to 1)	places or in std form such as 1.5 $ imes$ 10 ⁻⁴	
		Accept 113 (to 1) 110 (to 1) as 110 is 2 sig figs same as data	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(c)(i)	 An explanation that makes reference to three of the following water enters cell due to osmosis / eq (1) correct ref to water potential (high to low water potential (gradient) /low (solute) concentration to higher (solute) concentration / low water potential in cell / high water potential outside / eq (1) as cannot prevent expansion / (keeps) expanding / expands / swells /eq (1) animal cells / blood cells burst / eq (1) 	allow from high concentration of water to lower concentration	3
Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(c)(ii)	An explanation that makes reference to two of the following • water leaves cell due to osmosis / eq (1) • correct ref to water potential (high to low water potential (gradient) /low (solute) concentration to higher (solute) concentration / low water potential outside cell / high water potential inside / eq(1)	allow from high concentration of water to lower concentration ignore flaccid	2

animal cells / blood cells crenate /	reject
collapse / shrivel / eq (1)	plasmolysed

Total 12 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(a)(i)		1
	 withdrawal / somatic / simple / involuntary / automatic / unconscious (1) 	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(a)(ii)	hot object E X H	arrow at X away	1
	spinal cord	from spinal cord/ towards muscle	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(a)(iii)	The only correct answer is	
	A E is where the stimulus is detected	
	B is not the answer as F is not where stimulus is detected	
	C is not the answer as H is not where stimulus is detected	
	D is not the answer as K is not where stimulus is detected	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(a)(iv)	The only correct answer is	
	C I is the motor neurone	
	A is not the answer as F is not the motor neurone	
	B is not the answer as G is not the motor neurone	
	D is not the answer as K is not the motor neurone	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b) (i)	1.10 ÷ 120 0.0092	allow 1 mark for correct answer but not in correct standard form 0.0092 or 0.00917 or 0.009167 etc	2
	9.2 ×10 ⁻³ (2)	or 92 ×10 ⁻⁴ allow full marks for correct answer alone	
		allow 9.17 x 10 ⁻³ allow 9.167 etc x 10 ⁻³ 9.16 recurring x 10 -3 full marks	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(b)(ii)	A description that makes reference to two of the following	2
	• in a <u>synapse</u> (1)	
	 <u>neurotransmitter</u> / named neurotransmitter (travels / moves) (1) 	
	by diffusion / chemical coordination / eq (1)	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(i)	An explanation that makes reference to two of the following		2
	prevents / stops movement / walking / running / eq (1)	not putting weight / pressure (on ankle)	
	 prevents further damage /injury /eq (1) allows rest / recovery / healing / repair/ eq (1) learn to avoid painful situations/ eq (1) 	aa.	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(ii)	An answer that makes reference to four of the following: • prevent detection of pain / stimulus /eq (1)	allow stops feeling pain	4
	 by receptor / eq (1) prevent transmission of impulse / prevent generation of impulse / fewer impulses passed / sent / generated/ eq (1) in sensory neurone / eq (1) 	stop impulses being sent/ moving along ignore signal/ message ignore motor neurone allow one mark for neurones/ nerves unqualified	
	 in relay neurone / eq (1) synapses / prevent synaptic transmission /eq (1) 		

Total 14 marks

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)	An answer that makes reference to the following	Mark first two answers only	2
	• plasma (1)		
	platelets (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)	A description that makes reference to four of the following points (Stage 1 and Stage 2)	allow marking points (in order) even if no reference to stages	4
	 phagocyte / phagocytosis (1) engulf / pseudopodia / surround /eq (1) bacterium / pathogen inside 	this can be gained in any stage	
	white cell / inside vesicle / inside phagosome / eq (1)		
	 Vesicles fuse with bacterium / vesicle fuses with phagosome eq (1) enzymes digest (bacterium / pathogen) / enzymes break down (bacterium / pathogen) / eq (1) 	allow enclosed completely engulfed allow lysosome	
	 (Stage 4) products (of digestion) expelled (from white cell) / (from the phagosome/ from the vesicle) eq (1) 	allow digestive enzymes	
		(waste) products / remains of bacterium / (broken down) bacterium pathogen secreted / excreted / released / exocytosis	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)(i)	measurement of diagram 5.7 (5.5-5.9) cm or 55 -59 mm conversion of units cm × 10,000 or mm × 1,000 magnification = 57000 (55000- 59000) ÷8.1 = 7037 (6790 - 7284) (3)	allow 1 mark for measurement with units 1 mark for 5.7 ×10,000 or 57 × 1000 or allow 8.1 ÷10,000 or ÷1000 allow full marks for correct answer alone	3
		allow 6800- 7300 given to 2 sig figs for 3 marks	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)(ii)	An answer that makes reference to five of the following	no credit for quoting figures alone unless ref to only higher etc	5
	 normal blood flow % oxygen /saturation is higher (than slow) / (in non-anaemic / anaemic patients) eq (1) 	lower in slow	
	 normal blood flow rate of deoxygenation higher (in non-anaemic / anaemic patients) / eq (1) 	lower in slow flow	
	3. % oxygen /saturation lower in anaemic (in normal and slow blood flow) / eq (1)	higher in non- anaemic	
	4. greater difference in % oxygen/saturation between non-anaemic and anaemic in slow blood flow than normal blood flow/eq (1)	anaennic	
	5. fewer red blood cells / less haemoglobin in anaemic patients / eq (1)	more in non- anaemic	
	6. (fewer red cells)to carry oxygen (1)	ariaciffic	
	7. anaemic patients tissues deoxygenate faster / eq (1)	non- anaemic deoxgenate slower	
	8. little difference in deoxygenation (between normal and slow blood flow patients) / eq (1)	Siewei	
	9. reference to high numbers of non-anaemic / lower numbers especially of anaemic slow blood flow (so data less reliable)		
	10. factors such as smoking/ mass / sex / diet / blood pressure / activity / genetics / eq (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)	An answer that makes reference to the following		3
	• genotypes of parents AA and aa (1)	allow all marks from	
	• gametes formed A a (1)	Punnet square	
	genotype of offspring all Aa (1)	(even if unlabelled)	
		if incorrect parent genotypes allow TE for Gamete mark for 1 max	
		to score any marks must	
		have a capital and lower	
		case allow any suitable letter	
		including different letters	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b) (i)		allow 1	2
	858 - 608 = 250	mark for	
		unsimplified	
	ratio = 608 to 250	ratio	
		608:250 in	
	2.43 or 2.4 or 2.432 (2)	working or	
		as answer	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b) (ii)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following • expected ratio is 3:1 / 75% and 25%(1) • role of chance / probability /		3
	 fertilisation / which gametes fuse /eq (1) 	allow self fertilisation random fertilisation scores mp 2 and 3	
	fewer axial survive / germinate / selection / fewer axial pollinated / eq	allow converse	

6 (c)		6
	C axial flower plants and terminal flower plants / eq (1)	
	O of same species / named species / age /colour / size / condition / with same number of flowers/ eq (1)	
	R repeat / calculate mean (for many plants of axial and terminal) / eq (1)	
	M1 count how many seeds/ number of seeds / amount of seeds / mass of seeds (per plant / per flower) / eq (1)	
	M2 collect seed after same / stated time period/ ensure they self pollinate / pollinate using brush / cover and allow to self pollinate / eq (1)	
	S1 grow at same temperature / same light / in green house / same carbon dioxide / eq	
	S2 same water / same mineral ions / same soil / eq (1)	

Total 14 marks

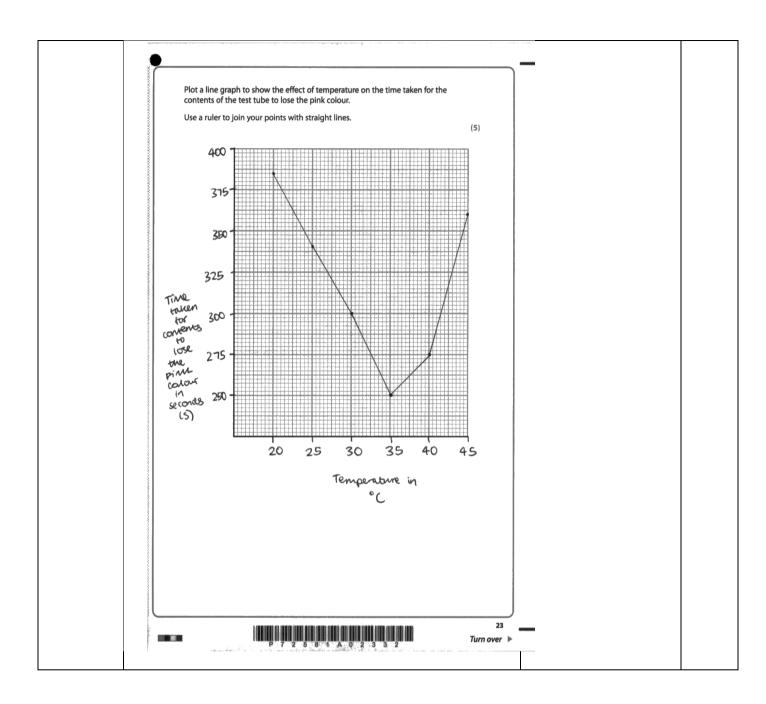
Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(a)	 so that enzyme / substrate / test tube / beaker / solutions are at / reach correct temperature / same temperature / 20°C / eq (1) 	ignore reach optimum temperature / keep temperature constant	1

Question Number	Answer	Mark
7(b)(i)	 time taken (to lose pink colour / change colour for milk / lipid to be digested) / rate of reaction / digestion / eq (1) 	1

Question Number	Answer	Mark
7(b)(ii)	 volume of lipase / volume of milk / volume of sodium carbonate / time left in water bath (in stages 6 and 7) / volume / number of drops of phenolphthalein / eq (1) 	1

Question Number	Answer	Mark
7(c)	to show all lipid digested / milk digested/ show fatty acids produced/ to show end (point) of reaction /	1
	show (changes in) pH / eq (1)	

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Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7 (d)	 An answer that includes graph plot covering at least 2.5 large squares for height and scale linear (1) Lines straight and through all points (1) 	allow full or truncated axis No L if extrapolated No L if bar chart even if unlabelled	5
	 Axes correct way round (temp x and time y) (1) Units labelled with temperature in °C and time in seconds / s (1) Points correctly plotted within half a small square (1) 		



Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(e)	An explanation that makes reference to four of the following		4
	increased (kinetic) energy / molecules move faster/ more collisions / more enzyme substrate complexes formed / eq (1)	allow low energy at low temp	
	so time (to lose pink colour) decreases (1)	allow rate increases / reaction quicker / allow slow rate at lower temp / lipase digests lipid quicker	
	 (up to/ till) <u>optimum temperature</u> / eq (1) 		
	 (time increases as) bonds in active site break / enzymes denature / eq (1) 		
	 (enzyme) active site changes shape / substrate can no longer fit / bind with enzyme / active site / eq (1) 	allow enzyme and substrate no longer complementary	

Total 13 marks

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(a)	Keep constant temperature / maintain temperature / control temperature / eq (1)	ignore heat / cool	1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(b)	An explanation that includes the following either • lime water (1)	Can only get change if correct indicator	2
	• turns cloudy (with carbon dioxide) (1)	given	
	 hydrogen carbonate / bicarbonate / sodium hydrogencarbonate / eq (1) 		
	 turns yellow / orange (with carbon dioxide) /eq (1) 		

Question Number	Answer	Mark
8(c)	an answer that refers to one of the following	
	• stopwatch / stopclock / timer /eq (1)	
	 syringe / measuring cylinder / burette / eq (1) 	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(d)(i)	An explanation that makes reference to four of the following • provide oxygen (for respiration) / eq (1)	idea is pairs of named condition and method can only score method if condition named. allow to exclude oxygen if anaerobic	4
	• aerator / sparger / air inlet (1)	oxygen replaced with N ₂ or CO ₂ / eq	
	 maintain optimum temperature / suitable temperature / prevent overheating / cool fermenter / eq (1) temperature monitor / temperature probe (cold)-water jacket / eq (1) 	ignore maintain high temp	
	 maintain optimum / suitable pH / eq (1) pH probe / pH monitor / control of inlet to acid / alkali / eq (1) 		
	 prevent contamination/ keep aseptic /growth of other bacteria / microorganisms/ eq (1) air filter to remove dust / bacteria / sterilised / steam cleaned (before use)/ eq (1) 		
	 to mix contents / evenly distribute contents / nutrients / fungi / organisms / oxygen / heat /eq (1) 		
	• stirrer / paddles / eq(1)		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(d)(ii)	An explanation that makes reference to four of the following points		4
	• a mutation in bacteria / eq (1)		
	 (can confer) <u>resistance</u> to antibiotic / (makes these) bacteria <u>resistant</u> / eq (1) 	ignore immune	
	(only) resistant bacteria survive / no / less competition with other non-resistant bacteria (1)	non-resistant die	
	 resistant bacteria reproduce / multiply /eq (1) 	non-resistant do not reproduce	
	 passing on alleles / genes (for resistance) (1) 	non-resistant do not pass on alleles	
	increase in frequency / population / increase in numbers of resistant bacteria / most illness disease caused by resistant strains / eq (1)		

Total 12 marks

Question Number	Answer	additional guidance	Mark
9(a)	An explanation that includes four of the following points		4
	 restriction enzyme used to cut gene / DNA / gene coding for (production of human) insulin / eq (1) 	insulin gene / insulin DNA	
	 (same) restriction enzyme to cut bacterial plasmid (1) 		
	 (to produce) complementary pairings / sticky ends / eq (1) 		
	 ligase enzyme used to join / insert gene / DNA into plasmid (1) 		
	 plasmid / vector inserted into / taken up by bacterium (1) 		

Question Number	Answer	additional guidance	Mark
9(b)	An explanation that makes reference to two of the following		2
	causes liver / muscles to take up blood glucose or (convert) glucose to glycogen / eq (1)	not breaks down glucose to glycogen	
	 when blood glucose _ concentration/ blood glucose / increases / is high / eq (1) 	allow blood sugar	
	reduces blood glucose /eq (1)	allow blood sugar ignore controls glucose	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9(c)(i)	An explanation that makes reference to the following		2
	• insulin is a protein / eq (1)	allow denatured in	
	• digested / broken down / eq (1)	stomach for mp 2 and mp 3	
	 by protease / pepsin / trypsin / in stomach / in small intestine / into amino acids / eq (1) 	33	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
9(c)(ii)	(exercise) uses glucose / (exercise) increases glucose use / (exercise) increases sugar use / (exercise) reduces (blood) glucose / reduces (blood) sugar / (blood) glucose / sugar might get too low / become hypoglycaemic /eq (1)	1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9(c)(iii)	control / limit the carbohydrates / sugars / glucose in their diet / eq (1)	allow replace sugar with starch / eq	1

Total 10 marks